











Elevator Industry Safety Partners

Hand & Portable Power Tools Subpart P









Objectives

After completing this lesson, students should be able to:

- Identify common hand and portable powered tool hazards
- Select standards applicable to hand and portable powered tool hazards
- Recommend feasible abatement methods for hand and portable powered tool hazards

Hand and Portable Powered Tools

- 1910.241 Definitions.
- 1910.242 Hand and portable powered tools and equipment, general.
- 1910.243 Guarding of portable powered tools.
- 1910.244 Other portable tools and equipment.
- OSHA PUB 3080

General Requirements

Employer is responsible for the safe condition of tools and equipment used by employees, **including those which may be furnished by employees**.





1910.242(a)

Hazards

- Point of operation
- In-running nip points
- Rotating parts
- Flying chips and sparks
- Electrical burns and shock



Hazards

- Flying, falling, abrasive material, splash
- Harmful dust, fumes, mists, gases, vapors
- Electrical shock from damaged cords, hazardous connections, improper grounding
- Vibration and impacts

Most Common Injuries

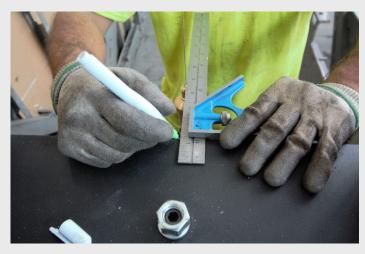
- Electric shock
- Flash burns
- Struck by falling debris
- Hearing loss
- Cuts
- Soft tissue injuries

5 Basic Safety Rules

- Keep all tools in good condition with regular maintenance
- Use the right tool for the job
- Examine each tool for damage before use and do not use damaged tools
- Operate tools according to the manufacturers' instructions
- Provide and use properly, the correct PPE

Hand Tools

• These are tools powered manually.









Hand Tools

- Injuries usually caused by misuse or improper maintenance
- DO NOT
 - Use wrenches with sprung jaws
 - Impact tools with "mushroom heads"
 - Tools with loose, cracked or splintered handles
 - Screwdriver as a chisel
- Inspect taped handles to ensure tool is not damaged

Cutting Tools

- Sharp blades are actually safer than dull ones;
- Use PPE such as cut resistant gloves
- Always cut away from yourself
- Do not leave cutting tools laying around
 - Clean up
 - Store the tool
 - Blade down
- Don't try to catch it if it's falling

Power Tools

- Types
 - Electric (direct and direct)
 - Pneumatic
 - Liquid Fuel
 - Hydraulic
 - Powder Actuated
- They have guards and safety switches
- Hazardous if NOT USED CORRECTLY

Portable Powered Tools

- Portable Circular Saws
 - Must be equipped with guards above and below the base plate or shoe.
 - Lower guard shall automatically and instantly return to covering position.



Circular Saw Guarding Hazard



Switches & Controls

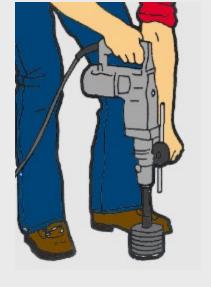
Constant Pressure Switch:

Circular Saws >2" blades

Chainsaws powered by electric, hydraulic, or pneumatic

Percussion Tools w/o positive accessory holding means







1910.243(a)(2)(i)

Switches & Controls

Constant Pressure Throttle:

Gas powered chainsaws



Switches & Controls

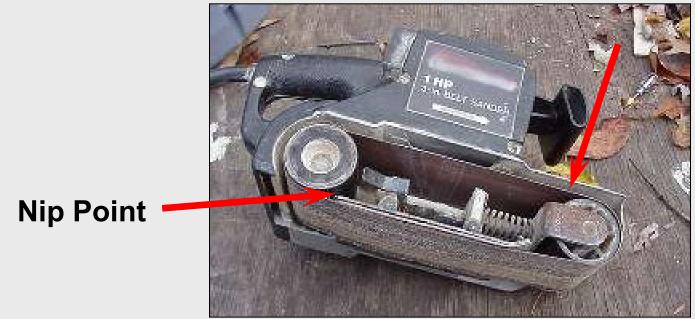
Constant Pressure Switch & LOCK-ON Control provided turn off can be accomplished by a single finger stroke.

Drills, tapers, fastening drivers, horizontal & vertical & angle grinders w/ >2", disk sanders >2", belt sanders, reciprocating saws, saber & scroll & jig saws w/ shanks >¼", and other similar tools.



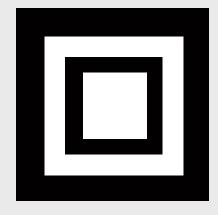
Portable Belt Sanding Machines

Belt sanding machines shall be provided with guards at each nip point where the sanding belt runs onto a pulley.



Grounding

Portable electric powered tools shall meet the electrical requirements of Subpart S.





Compressed Air Used for Cleaning

Compressed air shall not be used for cleaning purposes except where reduced to less than **30 p.s.i.** and then only with effective chip guarding and personal protective equipment



Pneumatic Powered Tools

A tool retainer shall be installed on each piece of utilization equipment which, without such a retainer, may eject the tool.



Pneumatic Powered Tools

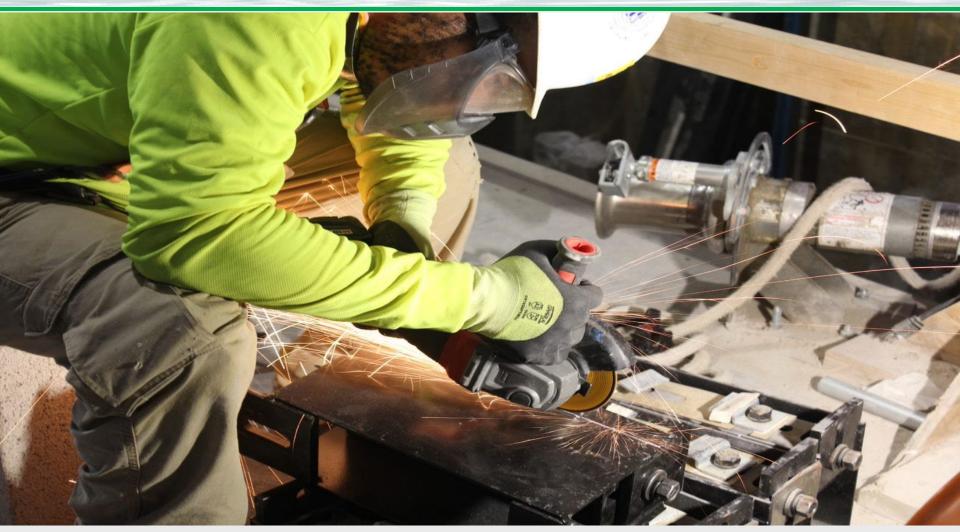
Hose and hose connections used for...compressed air shall...be designed for the pressure and service to which they are subject.







1910.243(b)(2)



Abrasive wheels shall be used only on machines provided with safety guards as defined in paragraphs:

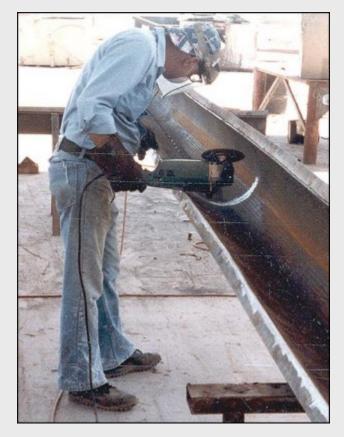
- (1) General Requirements
- (2) Cup Wheels
- (3) Vertical Portable Grinders
- (4) Other Portable Grinders





- General Requirement EXCEPTIONS:
 - Used for internal work
 - 2" and smaller in diameter
 - Type 16, 17, 18, 18R, 19 cones







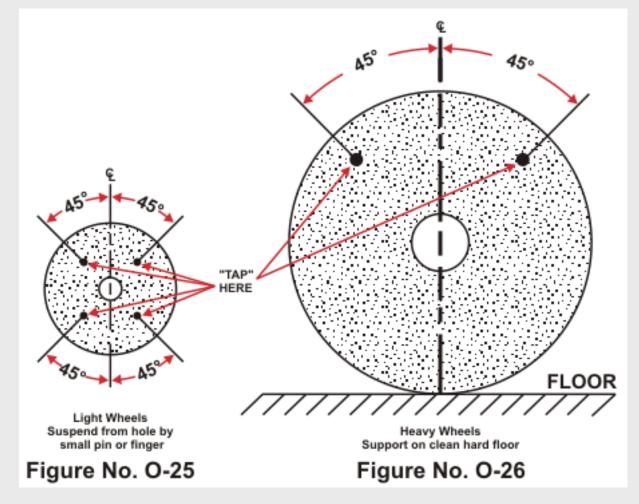
Safety guards used on machines known as right angle head or vertical portable grinders shall have a maximum exposure angle of 180 degrees.



- Mounting & Inspection of Portable Abrasive Wheels
 - ALL wheels closely inspected
 - ALL wheels ring tested [see 1910.215(d)(1)]
 - Spindle speeds not exceeded
 - Exceptions:
 - Natural sandstone wheels
 - Metal, wooden, cloth, paper discs having layer of abrasive on the wheel.

Ring Test

Before mounting a new wheel, a ring test must be performed to ensure the wheel is not cracked.



- General Requirements
- Inspection, Maintenance & Tool Handling
 - High Velocity
 - Low Velocity
 - Hammer Piston
- Loads & Fasteners
- Operating Requirement



- General Requirements
 - Actuated by an explosive
 - Meets design requirements of high & low velocity, hammer piston tools in (d)(2)
 - Does not apply for soft construction material
 - Wood, plaster, tar, dry wallboard, stud-welding equipment
 - PPE in accordance Subpart I
 - Eye Protection
 - Head & Face



- Inspection, Maintenance & Tool Handling
 - High Velocity (>300 fpm 6.5 ft from muzzle)
 - 3.5 inch muzzle shield
 - Cannot be fired unless equipped with shield
 - Cannot be fired during loading or preparation
 - Two separate distinct actions for firing
 - Low Velocity (<300 fpm 6.5 ft from muzzle)
 - Spall Shield
 - Cannot operate unless against the surface
 - Hammer Piston
 - Muzzle shield



1910.243(d)(2)

- Loads & Fasteners
 - Standard means of identifying the power level of loads
 - Cannot use high velocity loads in low velocity tools
 - Only use fasteners specifically manufactured for use





- Operating Requirements
 - Inspect before use
 - Stop using it if it is defective
 - Only load prior to use
 - Don't point tool at other people
 - Misfire wait time 30 sec.
 - Don't leave unattended
 - Don't use in explosive atmosphere









- Loading & Markings
 - Enough jack for the load
 - Jack load rating must be visible.



Jacks

- Operation & Maintenance
 - Base of jack blocked
 - Stop Indicator
 - After load raised, cribbed or blocked
 - Regular lubrication





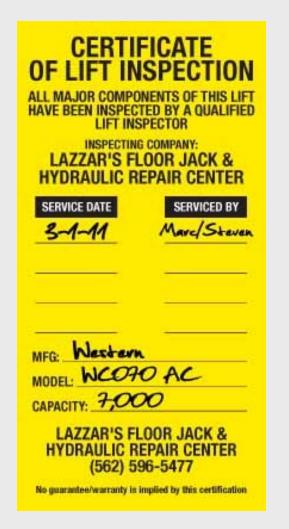




Jacks

- Operation & Maintenance
 - Inspected every 6 months
 - Tagged out of order jacks





The manufacturer is responsible for the safe condition of tools and equipment used by employees.

- a. True
- b. False

Compressed air shall not be used for cleaning purposes except where reduced to less than _____ psi at the tip.

- a. 30
- b. 35
- c. 40
- d. 50

Safety guards used on machines known as right angle head or vertical portable grinders shall have a maximum exposure angle of _____ degrees.

- a. 120
- b. 140
- c. 160
- d. 180

If an employee uses their own tools, the employer has no responsibility to ensure the tools are in good working order.

True or False